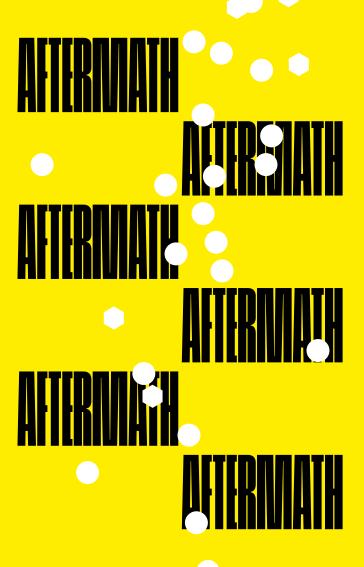


CATALONIA IN VENICE



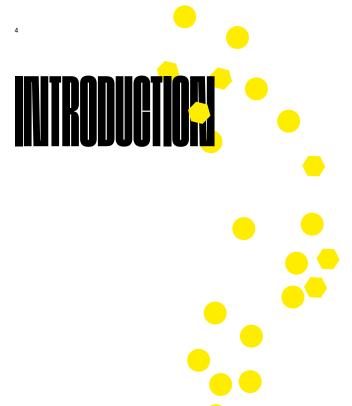




CURATED BY

JAUME PRAT JELENA PROKOPLJEVIĆ ISAKI LACUESTA

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What the projects included in the Catalan Pavilion at the 2016 Venice Architecture Biennale have in common is having created a place—a place that improves users' lives and the conditions of the area where they have been installed. They are works based on new ways of understanding the territory with a distinctly public ethos and which surpass the requirements of their nominal programs. Clearly they are not the only works that share these characteristics; over the option for a wider selection we preferred to focus on concepts, strategies, materials and uses to explain a way of making architecture that we consider representative of the current state of Catalan architecture.









"a decalogue in five points, which in the end are six"

When it came to filming the works for *Aftermath*, our requirements were so condensed that there were only six points (which in the end, after much discussion between the three curators, we increased to seven):

- Break away from the dominant style in catalog images and architecture journals. Avoid empty spaces and settings composed by interior designers for the occasion. Bring neither actors nor models to the shoot. Accept actors and models on set only when they are there for reasons of *force majeure* (for example, in the hypothetical case of finding actors and models in line at the food distribution center to pick up food, then yes, they should be filmed as a symptom of what's going on in the country). Individuals, people, faces and hands and feet, doing things—and only when everyone has left should the contrast of the empty space be taken advantage of.

- Avoid any point of view that is not accessible to the works' inhabitants, i.e., to all those people who can't fly, don't have x-ray eyes and are unable to walk through walls. Above all, do not film from helicopters or drones (we corroborated this thesis the day they showed us the available budget). Avoid hot air balloons, especially for works where an overhead shot is most tempting, as is the case with the Atlàntida



Performing Arts Center and the Llobregat River, works for which aviation would allow us to easily explain the relationships and dimensions of complex spaces. Seek an alternative way of making these works understandable by creating paths through the installation (linear and multi-screen paths).

- Do not correct vertical perspectives in post-production. Computers need not do what people's eyes and brains are capable of.

- Allow ourselves to be surprised by the works.

- Do not conceal errors-not even our own.

- Have fun filming. In the end, it's most likely they will never again let us curate a pavilion at the Venice Biennale. So we allowed ourselves private jokes like, for example, finding which secret framing made one of the selected works (the least expected, of course) resemble a Coderch, which called up an Aravena in drag, which hid a corner of Núñez and Navarro (with prison bars, naturally), which had a Barragán, a Piranesi, a Jacques Tati, monsieur architect. Improbable enough hybridizations, yes, but each building contains so many others within that we amused ourselves like this, playing with all of them.

ARCHITECTS: Batlle i Roig Arquitectes (Enric Batlle and Joan Roig) IN COOPERATION WITH: Xavier Ramoneda, Iván Sánchez, Mario Suñer (architects); Typsa-Tecnoma (engineering) PROJECT DATE: 2007-2015

WORKS DATE: 2008-2016 PROMOTOR: Barcelona Metropolitan Area, Sant Boi de Llobregat Local Authority, Sant Vicenç dels Hort<mark>s Loc</mark>al Authority AREA: 154 ha (6 km) LOCATION: Sant Boi de Llobregat, Sant Vicenç dels Horts, Sant Joan Despí, Cornellà, El Prat de Llobregat (Cata<mark>lonia</mark>)

A continuous park, an architecture that plays with the movement of air and water, recovering the meanders of the river and balancing new and native vegetation. The effort to "unlearn" in the overall design has facilitated numerous uses for recreation and sports, peri-urban gardens and even the reappearance of small flocks of sheep. The architects were concerned with the recovery of a river as urban as the Llobregat for fishing, one of the successes in creating a productive urban space. Transformed from an abandoned and run-down suburban area, the Llobregat River has become Barcelona's western backbone, the initial part of the green network of Barcelona Metropolitan Area.









CERDANIYA CROSSS-BORDER HOSPITAL

ARCHITECTS: Brullet-Pineda Arquitectes, SLP (Manuel Brullet Tenas, Alfonso de Luna Colldefors, Albert de Pineda Álvarez) IN COOPERATION WITH: Marcial Novo Mazuelos, Jaume Piñol Font PROJECT DATE: 2007 WORKS DATE: 2012 PROMOTOR: Catalan Health Service, Government of Catalonia AREA: 19,106.40 m² LOCATION: Puigcerdà (Catalonia)

The cross-border hospital represented an architectural, legal and social challenge since it needed to provide service to the communities of a region split in two by a state border: it was necessary to build a point of encounter between the Catalan and French health care systems. The result is a shared hospital, a compact refuge tucked under a large roof, closed to the dominant winds and open to the city and the sun. Functionality is organized according to the premise of creating pleasant spaces that do not subscribe to the typical visual imaginary of hospitals, that do not smell like a hospital and that at the same time offer a perfect machine that saves time moving from place to place and minimizes distances traveled. Emphasis has been placed on creating a healing space at every turn: through the calm it conveys and through its proximity and human scale despite being a very large hospital.

IORRE JÚLIA Assisted housing For seniors

ARCHITECTS: Pau Vidal, Sergi Pons, Ricard Galiana IN COOPERATION WITH: Gioia Guidazzi, Diana Sajdova PROJECT DATE: 2004 WORKS DATE: 2011 PROMOTOR: Barcelona Municipal Housing Trust (PMHB) AREA: 8,391 m² LOCATION: Barcelona (Catalonia)

This assisted living facility for senior citizens, christened as Torre Júlia by the architects in reference to Via Júlia, Nou Barris' main street, is a visual reference in the landscape of Barcelona's ring roads. Its shape, materials and visual language, as well as its position belie its internal function. This is why local residents often ask if it is a hotel or an office building and have no idea of the daily life it contains. What Torre Júlia does reveal is a desire to visually integrate its internal content with the landscape of the city and the mountains that flank Barcelona. The stairways and hallways that run along the façades and the two-story common areas and rooftop garden share stunning views over the city and were the main reason for erecting a seventeen-story building instead of occupying the land in width.







ATLÀNTIOR PERFORMANG ARTS CENTER

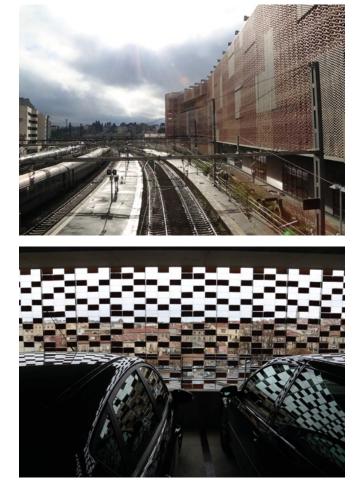
ARCHITECTS: Josep Llinàs, Josep Llobet, Pedro Ayesta, Laia Vives IN COOPERATION WITH: Jorge Martín, (ván Andrés, Andrea Tissino, Philipp Gasteiger, Fermín Garrote, Iñaki Arbelaiz, Petra Pferdmenges, Natzarena Manenti, Aina Solé PROJECT DATE: 2004 WORKS DATE: 2010 PROMOTOR: FCC Construcción AREA: 10,500 m² LOCATI<mark>ON:</mark> Vic (Catalonia)

The Atlàntida Performing Arts Center is more than a building; it is a compact complex bundled under a single roof housing three mixed-use venues (theatre and auditorium) and a conservatory with specific spaces for accommodating people of all ages and levels of musical proficiency (from amateurs to professionals). The center was created in relation to the scale of the historic center of the city of Vic, and is located in the section of the property that abuts into the urban fabric. It also maintains the continuity of the open space of the part bordering the river. The key to the project lies in unifying a complex program, contradictory in some respects, under a covering and around the public space created to structure the site. The accessways, distributed around all sides according to needs, converge on an interior street and in a square at the entrance area.

SAINT ROCH PARKING AARAGE

ARCHITECTS: Archikubik (Marc Chalamanch, Miquel Lacasta, Carmen Santana) IN COOPERATION WITH: Daniel de Castro, Romain Parent, Diego Lima, Camille Roux (architects); Agence Franck Boutté Consultants (environmental engineers); PER INGENIERIE (engineering and works management); Atelier Rouch (acoustical engineering); Factors del Paisatge (landscapers) PROJECT DATE: 2012 WORKS DATE: 2015 PROMOTOR: SERM AREA: 26,790 m² LOCATION; Montpellier (France)

A nine-story parking garage located at the edge of the train station, its structure and finishing permeable to the view, air and even the rain and fluttering leaves of autumn: according to its architects it is an "organoleptic" building integrated into an urban area that is still in the process of being defined on the basis of the material bond with the bricks and roof tiles of the city of Montpellier. The parking garage fulfills a much more sophisticated function than would normally be imagined for an 850-car parking garage, and it offers new urban connections for all users. The project has become a key element for structuring and expanding the existing pedestrian areas between Place de la Comédie and the Saint-Roch train station. The parking garage is found in a strategic position in the middle of a rail landscape located in the city center, and it complements the multinodality of the train station.







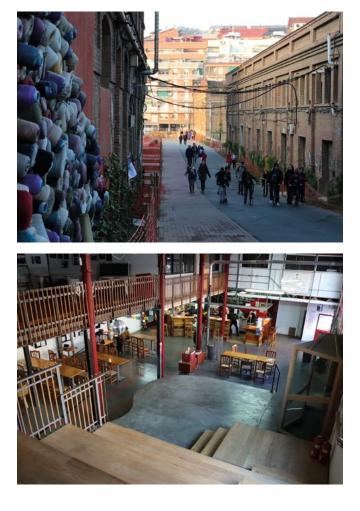
CANAPOLAR FOOD DISTRIBUTION CENTER (SDA)

ARCHITECTS: NUA Arquitectures (Maria Rius, Arnau Tiñena, Ferran Tiñena) PROJECT DATE: September 2014 WORKS DATE: December 2014 PROMOTOR: Càritas Diocesana and the parish of Santa Tecla de Campclar AREA: 82.50 m² LOCATION: Tarragona (Catalonia)

The food distribution center in the Campclar neighborhood is a building measuring just over 80 square meters that has addressed a number of sometimes conflicting needs. It was built next to the parish church, which it discreetly pays formal tribute to, in a neighborhood where 70% of inhabitants are immigrants and people living in precarious situations. It operates in a simple fashion: people go at certain hours as if they were going to the supermarket, and they are provided with the food they need from Caritas donations. Before the center was built, food distribution took place in the halls and walkways of the church itself, but this took away space from the church's daily activities, so the project specifications explicitly required a dedicated space for helping the needy.

ARCHITECTS: Can Batlló users' community, LaCol architects' cooperative PROJECT DATE: 11 June 2011 – entrance of residents to the site WORKS DATE: Under construction PROMOTOR: Can Batlló users' community AREA: 5,000 m² interiors and 5,000 m² exteriors LOCATION: Barcelona (Catalonia)

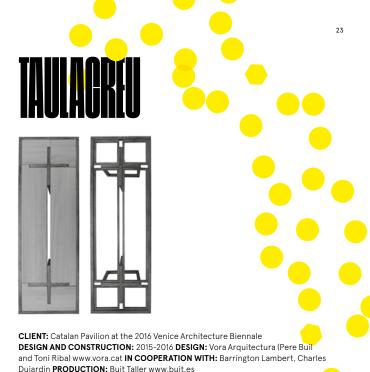
More than an intervention in a particular place, Can Batlló is a symbol in present-day Barcelona of a new way of interacting between users, architects and government. It is also a manifesto of participatory architecture and self-managed construction, which are only understood through their process and through economic and regulatory difficulties. Covering an 8-hectare area, Can Batlló was one of the main metropolitan factories in the city of Barcelona. In the late 1970s, the land, still privately owned, was reclassified as an area for public facilities, a scheme that never came to pass for a number of reasons. The center is the result of a lengthy protest struggle for a public space which concluded on 11 June 2011 when local residents jubilantly entered the site. That moment sparked a process of dialogue between users and architects from the LaCol cooperative to define the center's future activities, its most immediate needs and how to get the space and means to make them a reality.





ARCHITECT: Josep Ferrando www.josepferrando.com PROJECT DATE: 2014 CLIENT: Figueras International Seating IN COOPERATION WITH: Pau Borràs (Design Figueras Center) and Adrià Ruiz PHOTOGRAPHS: Francesc Arnó

The design reflects a fractal system that reproduces its basic structure at larger and smaller scales with proportions that function equally well in single units and when multiple chairs are combined. Twenty slats 8 cm wide and with a standard thickness of 2.5 cm are used to make each chair, cut to different heights and joined at multiples of 8 degree angles.



PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE MODEL: Charles Dujardin

It is an expressive and abstract suspended wooden surface.

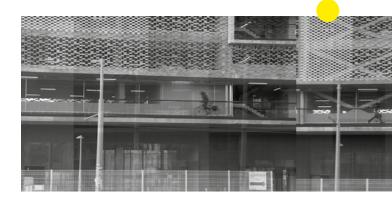
Suspended: It is supported by two legs in the shape of a cross pulled back from the perimeter; it does not have legs at the corners.

Expressive: The shape and materiality express its constituent structure. The joints and change in material between panels and structural bar sections are visible.

Abstract: Two crosses on a plane. They support the table and are expressed on its surface. Single material: All wood. Variants of pine and maple. Subtle variation in color and texture.

IN SOUND PERSPECTIVE

If you stand in the middle of the parking garage and close your eyes, you hear the trains arriving on one side and the city trams on the other, with very different acoustic marks. You locate the city as if you were charting it on a map. And if you go up to the top floor, the parking terrace, suddenly it becomes an extensive sound shot with the added bells of the different churches, the muffled cries from the streets that reach the top floor and the constant din of the low-pitched sounds of the city. If it were a closed space all of this would not happen. As Walter Ruttmann would say, it's a "city symphony."



"The shapes of buildings often do not reveal at first glance what is the most localized, changing and intangible thing: the sound that surrounds them. Sound, which is perceived, can suddenly become a horizon."







Synthesis are the shadows: old over new. Different textures for the chairs. Phantasmagorias of phantasmagorias or the glass reclaiming its materiality projected onto the floor as the images were projected onto it. Sometimes weighty, sometimes not. The images float. They are textured. Sometimes they are texture and the light and space remain. Afterwards they materialize. You have to be paying attention for it to happen. We have relied on the visitor's attention. There is always a good vantage point; one needs only to move. Be compelled to look, because that's what happens on the street, day by day. Architecture is not visited. It is worn. You put it on. You live in it. You live it. You penetrate it. Rarely do you pay attention to it. Daily architecture is a eulogy for peripheral vision. Primitive vision that captures movement that discerns this beauty.



In glass Bruno Taut believed he had found the ideal material for developing a "new architecture" that would be visually legible, a sister to the visual arts and the painters and filmmakers he admired. Conversely, his contemporaries, the German Expressionist filmmakers, never managed to film the modern Golem as they should have: in glass and not clay.

A final argument for having chosen this material: when the whole pavilion's time is up, when it bursts or sinks, the debris will be transparent, skating on glass. Cruise liners like skyscrapers as they move through the canals of Venice making waves.

As an epilogue: Taut, without umlaut, leaves.

And he says: — Farewell to all, parting glasses, crystal greetings!



CRÉDITOS

EXHIBITION IN VENICE

ORGANISATION AND PRODUCTION Institut Ramon I Iull CURATORS Isaki Lacuesta, Jaume Prat, Jelena Prokopljević INTERIOR DESIGN Jaume Prat, Jelena Prokopljević, Isaki Lacuesta IN COOPERATION WITH Montserrat Farrés (competition stage) GRAPHIC DESIGN Toormix FURNITURE DESIGN Silla Biennale, de Josep Ferrando Mesacruz reception desk by Vora Arguitectura (Pere Buil and Toni Riba) EXECUTIVE PRODUCTION MACBA · Museu d'Art Contemporani de Barcelona **EXHIBITION COORDINATION** Carlota Gómez COORDINATION IN VENICE Tamara Andruszkiewicz EXHIBITION ASSEMBLY ART% (Favio Monza, Jordi, Eduard and Pau Segura) STRUCTURAL CONSULTANTS Carmela Torró, Oriol Palou DIRECTION OF AUDIOVISUAL AND WEBDOC INSTALLATION Isaki Lacuesta, Jaume Prat. Jelena Prokópljevic AUDIOVISUAL COORDINATION Albert Coma

AUDIOVISUAL PRODUCTION La Termita Films EXECUTIVE PRODUCTION Isa Campo HEAD OF PRODUCTION Aitor Martos PRODUCTION ASSISTANT Ainara Martos FDITING Lluís Rico, Isaki Lacuesta, Sergi Dies LIVE SOUND Amanda Villavieia LIVE SOUND UNIT TWO Agost Alustiza SOUND FDITING Alejandro Castillo, Amanda Villavieja CAMERA Isaki Lacuesta COLOUR CORRECTION Albert Costa WEBDOC PROGRAMMING Albert Coma 360° PHOTOGRAPHS Jelena Prokopljević CAN BATLLÓ ARCHIVE IMAGES Natxo Medina TRANSLATIONS Tiffany Carter, Tiziana Camerani WEBDOC TRANSLATIONS Pablo Harguindey WEBDOC SUBTITLES Memi March PROOFREADING WEBDOC TRANSI ATIONS Hara Kraan, Pep Sanchez COMMUNICATION Labóh. Miriam Giordano, Silvia Pujalte, Giovanna Tissi - The Link PR PUBLIC RELATIONS Mahala Alzamora, Alexandra Mitians

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PROJECTS

ENVIRONMENTAL REHABILITATION OF THE LLOBREGAT RIVER Batlle i Roig Arquitectes (Enric Batlle and Joan Roig) CERDANYA CROSS-BORDER HOSPITAL Brullet Pineda Arguitectes (Manuel Brullet Tenas, Alfonso de Luna Colldefors, Albert de Pineda Álvarez) TORRE JÚLIA ASSISTED HOUSING FOR SENIORS Pau Vidal, Sergi Pons, Ricard Galiana ATI ÀNTIDA PERFORMING ARTS CENTER Josep Llinàs, Josep Llobet, Pedro Ayesta, Laia Vives CAMPCI AR FOOD DISTRIBUTION CENTER (SDA) NUA Arquitectures (Maria Rius, Arnau Tiñena, Ferran Tiñena)

SAINT ROCH PARKING GARAGE Archikubik (Marc Chalamanch, Miquel Lacasta, Carmen Santana) CAN BATLLÓ Lacol architects' cooperative and Can Batlló community

EXHIBITION IN BARCELONA

EXHIBITION ASSEMBLY ART% (Favio Monza, Eduard and Pau Segura) GAMI SCP STRUCTURAL CONSULTANTS Carmela Torró and Oriol Palou AUDIOVISUAL COORDINATION Albert Coma

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TEXTS

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